# PUNJABI UNIVERSITY, PATIALA

# OUTLINES OF TESTS, SYLLABI AND COURSES OF READINGS

# FOR

# M.Sc. (IT) (SEMESTER SYSTEM)

FIRST YEAR (Semester I & II)

(2016-17 & 2017-18 Sessions)

(As per RUSA Guidelines)

PUNJABI UNIVERSITY, PATIALA 147002

## SYLLABI, OUTLINES OF PAPERS AND TESTS

## M.Sc. (IT) Semester I 2016-17 & 2017-2018 Sessions

Code No.	Title of Paper	Lectures per	Univ. Exam.	Int. Ass.
		Week	Marks	Marks
MS-111	Introduction to Information	5	70	30
	Technology			
MS-112	Computer Programming using C	5	70	30
MS-113	Computer Organization and	5	70	30
	Architecture			
MS-114	Mathematical Foundation of	5	70	30
	Computer Science			
MS-115	Operating Systems	5	70	30
MS-116	Programming Lab-I	8	70	30

## M.Sc. (IT) Semester II 2016-17 & 2017-2018 Sessions

Code No.	Title of Paper	Lectures per Week	Univ. Exam. Marks	Int. Ass. Marks
MS-121	Object Oriented Programming Using C++	5	70	30
MS-122	Data and File Structures	5	70	30
MS-123	Visual Basic	5	70	30
MS-124	RDBMS and Oracle	5	70	30
MS-125	Programming Lab-II	8	70	30
MS-126	Programming Lab-III	8	70	30

## **CONTINUOUS ASSESSMENT (THEORY PAPERS)**

1.	Two tests will be conducted during	:	60% of the marks allotted for Continuous
	the Semester. Both the tests will be		Assessment
	considered for assessment.		
2.	Assignment/Quizzes	:	20% of the marks allotted for Continuous
			Assessment
3.	Attendance	:	10% of the marks allotted for Continuous
			Assessment.
4.	Class Participation and behaviour	:	10% of the marks allotted for Continuous
			Assessment.

#### MS-111: Introduction to Information Technology

Maximum Marks: 70 Minimum Pass Marks: 35% Maximum Time: 3 Hrs. Lectures to be delivered: 45-55

## A) INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER SETTER

The question paper will consist of three Sections: A, B and C. Sections A and B will have four questions each from the respective section of the syllabus and will carry 10.5 marks for each question. Section C will consist of 7-15 short answer type questions covering the entire syllabus uniformly and will carry a total of 28 marks.

## **B) INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE CANDIDATES**

- 1. Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all, selecting two questions each from Section A and Section B and compulsory question of Section C.
- 2. Use of non-programmable scientific calculator is allowed.

#### SECTION A

Computer Fundamentals: Block structure of a computer, characteristics of computers, problem solving with computers, generations of computers, classification of computers on the basis of capacity, purpose, and generation.

Number System: Decimal, hexadecimal, and octal systems, conversion from one system to the other. Binary Arithmetic: Addition, subtraction and multiplication.

Memory types: Magnetic core, RAM, ROM, Secondary, Cache, Input and Output Units: functional characteristics; Overview of storage devices: floppy disk, hard disk, compact disk, tape; Printers: Impact, non-impact. Graphical I/O devices: Light pen, joystick, Mouse, Touch screen; OCR, OMR, MICR

## SECTION B

Computer languages: Machine language, assembly language, high level language, 4GL. Compiler, Interpreter, Assembler, System Software, Application Software.

Operating system: Functions of an operating system, Batch, multi-programming, time sharing, multi-processor, Multi-tasking.

Data Network and Communication: Network types, Transmission Modes, Network topologies, Internet: Evolution of Internet, E-mail WWW, FTP, TELNET, IRC, Video Conferencing.

Information Technology and Society : Applications of Information Technology in Railway, Airline, Banking, Insurance, Inventory Control, Hotel Management, Education, Mobile Phones, Information Kiosks, Weather Forecasting, Scientific Application,

E-Commerce: Meaning, its advantages & limitations, Types of E-Commerce.

Multimedia: Concepts, Components and Application, Entertainment Marketing.

## Text Book:

1. P. K. Sinha and P. Sinha, "Foundation of Computers", BPB.

- 1 D. H. Sanders, "Computers Today", McGraw Hill.
- 2. Satish Jain, "Information Technology", BPB.
- 3. David Cyganski, John A. Orr, "Information Technology Inside and Outside" Pearson Education.
- 4. V. Rajaraman, "Fundamentals of Computers" Prentice Hall of India.
- 5. B. Ram, "Computer Fundamentals", Wiley.

Maximum Marks: 70 Minimum Pass Marks: 35%

#### Maximum Time: 3 Hrs. Lectures to be delivered: 45-55

## A) INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER SETTER

The question paper will consist of three Sections: A, B and C. Sections A and B will have four questions each from the respective section of the syllabus and will carry 10.5 marks for each question. Section C will consist of 7-15 short answer type questions covering the entire syllabus uniformly and will carry a total of 28 marks.

## **B) INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE CANDIDATES**

- 1. Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all, selecting two questions each from Section A and Section B and compulsory question of Section C.
- 2. Use of non-programmable scientific calculator is allowed.

## SECTION A

Problem Solving with Computers, c character set, identifier, constants, variables, rules for defining variables, Data types, operators: arithmetic, relational, logical, comma, conditional, assignment, arithmetic expressions, input and output statements, assignment statements.

Decision statement: if, if else, nested if, switch statement, break statement, continue statement, go to statement.

Loops and control statements: While loop, for loop and do-while loop, nested loops Arrays: one dimensional Array, multi-dimensional arrays, array initialization.

## SECTION B

Pointers: Pointer data type, pointers and arrays, pointers and functions. Functions: definition, declaration, function prototype, types of functions, call by value, call by reference, recursion, processing character strings.

Structures: Using structures, arrays of structures and arrays in structures, union Files in C: Sequential files, random access files, Unformatted files, Text files, binary files.

#### **Text Book:**

1. E. Balagurusamy, "Programming in C", Tata McGraw Hill.

- 1. Kamthane, "Programming with ANSI and Turbo C", Pearson Education
- 2. Rajaraman, V, "Fundamentals of Computers", PHI
- 3. Kanetkar, "Let Us C", BPB Publications.

#### **MS-113 : Computer Organization and Architecture**

Maximum Marks: 70	Maximum Time: 3 Hrs.
Minimum Pass Marks: 35%	Lectures to be delivered: 45-55

#### A) INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER SETTER

The question paper will consist of three Sections: A, B and C. Sections A and B will have four questions each from the respective section of the syllabus and will carry 10.5 marks for each question. Section C will consist of 7-15 short answer type questions covering the entire syllabus uniformly and will carry a total of 28 marks.

#### **B) INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE CANDIDATES**

- 1. Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all, selecting two questions each from Section A and Section B and compulsory question of Section C.
- 2. Use of non-programmable scientific calculator is allowed.

#### SECTION A

Concepts about bits, bytes and word, Number System: Number conversions, Arithmetic operations, Integer and floating point representation.

Character codes (ASCII, EBCDIC, BCD, 8421, Excess-3). Boolean expression - Minimization of Boolean expressions - Minterm - Maxterm - Sum of Products (SOP) - Product of Sums (POS) - Karnaugh map Minimization - Don't care conditions - Quine-McCluskey method of minimization.

Basic Gates, Combinational logic design: half-adder, full-adder, half-subtractor, full-subtractor, binary parallel adder, Multiplexer/ Demultiplexer, decoder, encoder.

Sequential circuits: concept, flip-flops (D, RS, JK, JK-Master-Slave, T), counters (Ripple, Asynchronous, Synchronous, Decade, Mod-5),

Instruction codes, Instruction formats, Instruction cycle, Addressing modes.

#### **SECTION B**

Register Transfer Language, Arithmetic, Logic and Shift micro-operations, Arithmetic Logic Shift unit.

Control Memory: Design of control unit, Microprogrammed and Hardwired control unit (overview only), Features of RISC and CISC.

Memory organization: Concepts of semiconductor memory, CPU- memory interaction, organization of memory modules, Cache memory and related mapping and replacement policies, Virtual memory. I/O organization: I/O interface, Modes of data transfer: Programmed I/O, Interrupt initiated I/O, DMA.

#### **Text Book:**

1. M.M. Mano, "Computer System Architecture", Prentice-Hall of India.

- 1. A.S. Tanenbaum, "Structured Computer Organisation", Prentice- Hall of India.
- 2. William Stallings, "Computer Organization and Architecture", Pearson Education.

Maximum	Mar	ks: 70	
Minimum	Pass	Marks:	35%

#### Maximum Time: 3 Hrs. Lectures to be delivered: 45-55

## A) INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER SETTER

The question paper will consist of three Sections: A, B and C. Sections A and B will have four questions each from the respective section of the syllabus and will carry 10.5 marks for each question. Section C will consist of 7-15 short answer type questions covering the entire syllabus uniformly and will carry a total of 28 marks.

## **B) INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE CANDIDATES**

- 1. Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all, selecting two questions each from Section A and Section B and compulsory question of Section C.
- 2. Use of non-programmable scientific calculator is allowed.

#### SECTION A

Logic: Propositions, Implications, Precedence of Logical Operators, translating English Sentences, System Specifications. Propositional Equivalences, Predicates and Quantifiers, Nested Quantifiers, Order of Quantifiers, Sets, Power Set, Set Operations, Functions, One-to-One Functions and Onto Functions, Inverse and Composition of Functions, Floor Function, Ceiling Function.

Algorithms, Searching Algorithms, Sorting, Growth of Functions, Big-O Notation, Big-Omega and Big-Theta Notation, Complexity of Algorithms, Mathematical Induction, The Basic of counting, The Pigeonhole Principle.

## **SECTION B**

Recurrence Relations, solving recurrence relations, Divide and Conquer Algorithms and Recurrence Relations, Generating functions for sorting recurrence relations, Inclusion-Exclusion. Relations and their properties, n-any relations and their applications, representing relations, closure of relation, equivalence relations, partial ordering.

Graphs: Introduction, terminology, Representing Graphs and Graph Isomorphism, Connectivity, Euler and Hamiltonian Paths, Shortest Path Problems, Planar Graphs.

#### **Text Book:**

1. Rosen, K.H: Discrete Mathematics and Its Applications, TMH Publications.

- 1. Discrete and Combinational Mathematics, Ralph P. Grimaldi, Pearson Education.
- 2. Elements of Discrete Mathematics, C. L. Luie, TMH Publications.
- 3. Discrete Mathematics, Richard Johnson, Baugh, Pearson Education.
- 4. Discrete Mathematical Structures with Applications to Computer Science, J. P. Tremblay & R. P. Manohar, MGH Publications.
- 5. Discrete Mathematical Structures, B. Kotman, R.C. Busbay, S. Ross, PHI.

MS-115 : Operating Systems

Maximum Marks: 70 Minimum Pass Marks: 35%

## Maximum Time: 3 Hrs. Lectures to be delivered: 45-55

## A) INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER SETTER

The question paper will consist of three Sections: A, B and C. Sections A and B will have four questions each from the respective section of the syllabus and will carry 10.5 marks for each question. Section C will consist of 7-15 short answer type questions covering the entire syllabus uniformly and will carry a total of 28 marks.

#### **B) INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE CANDIDATES**

- 1. Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all, selecting two questions each from Section A and Section B and compulsory question of Section C.
- 2. Use of non-programmable scientific calculator is allowed.

#### SECTION A

Introduction to Operating System: Definition, Types of Operating system, Operating system components, Operating system services.

Process Management: Process concept, Process cs. threads, CPU scheduling criteria, Scheduling algorithms, and Algorithm evaluation

Deadlocks: Deadlock characterization, Methods for handling deadlocks, Deadlock prevention, avoidance, detection and recovery.

File Management: File concept, Access methods, directory structure, Allocation methods – contiguous, linked and indexed.

## **SECTION B**

Memory Management: Background, logical vs. physical address space, Contiguous memory management schemes using Multi partition memory allocation using fixed number of tasks and variable number of tasks, paging and segmentation.

Virtual Memory management: Concept, demand paging and demand segmentation.

Mass storage structure: Disk structure, disk scheduling algorithms.

Protection: Goals of protection, Access matrix.

Security: Security problem, Program threats, system threats, User Authentication, Cryptography.

#### **Text Book:**

1. Silberschatz and Galvin, "Operating System Concepts", Addison-Wesley publishing.

- 1 Nutt Gary, "Operating Systems" Addison Wesley Publication.
- 2 Hansen, Per Brinch, "Operating System Principles", Prentice-Hall.
- 3 N. Haberman, "Introduction to Operating System Design", Galgotia Publications.
- 4 Hansen, Per Brich, "The Architecture of Concurrent Programs", PHI.
- 5 Shaw, "Logical Design of Operating System", PHI.

## MS-116 : Programming Lab-I

Maximum Marks: 100\* Minimum Pass Marks: 35% Max. Time: 3 Hrs. Practical sessions to be conducted: 60-70

This laboratory course will mainly comprise of exercises based on subject MS-112: Computer Programming Using C.

\*Maximum Marks for Continuous Assessment: 30 Maximum Marks for University Examination: 70

## MS-121 : Object Oriented Programming Using C++ Maximum Marks: 70 Minimum Pass Marks: 35%

#### Maximum Time: 3 Hrs. Lectures to be delivered: 45-55

## A) INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER SETTER

The question paper will consist of three Sections: A, B and C. Sections A and B will have four questions each from the respective section of the syllabus and will carry 10.5 marks for each question. Section C will consist of 7-15 short answer type questions covering the entire syllabus uniformly and will carry a total of 28 marks.

## **B) INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE CANDIDATES**

- 1. Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all, selecting two questions each from Section A and Section B and compulsory question of Section C.
- 2. Use of non-programmable scientific calculator is allowed.

### SECTION A

Evolution of OOP: Procedure Oriented Programming, OOP Paradigm, Advantages and disadvantages of OOP over its predecessor paradigms. Characteristics of Object Oriented Programming.

Introduction to C++: Identifier, Keywords, Constants. Operators: Arithmetic, relational, logical, conditional and assignment. Size of operator, Operator precedence and associativity. Type conversion, Variable declaration, expressions, statements, manipulators. Input and output statements, stream I/O, Conditional and Iterative statements, breaking control statements. Storage Classes, Arrays, Arrays as Character Strings, Structures, Unions, Bit fields, Enumerations and User defined types.

Pointers: Pointer Operations, Pointer Arithmetic, Pointers and Arrays, Multiple indirections, Pointer to functions. Functions: Prototyping, Definition and Call, Scope Rules. Parameter Passing by value, by address and by reference, Functions returning references, Const functions, recursion, function overloading, Default Arguments, Const arguments, Pre-processor, Type casting.

#### **SECTION B**

Classes and Objects: Class Declaration and Class Definition, Defining member functions, making functions inline, Nesting of member functions, Members access control. THIS pointer. Objects: Object as function arguments, array of objects, functions returning objects, Const member. Static data members and Static member functions, Friend functions and Friend classes.

Constructors: properties, types of constructors, Dynamic constructors, multiple constructors in classes. Destructors: Properties, Virtual destructors. Destroying objects, Rules for constructors and destructors. Array of objects. Dynamic memory allocation using new and delete operators, Nested and container classes, Scopes: Local, Global, Namespace and Class.

Inheritance: Defining derived classes, inheriting private members, single inheritance, types of derivation, function redefining, constructors in derived class, Types of inheritance, Types of base classes, Code Reusability. Polymorphism: Methods of achieving polymorphic behavior.

Operator overloading: overloading binary operator, overloading unary operators, rules for operator overloading, operator overloading using friend function. Function overloading: early binding,

Polymorphism with pointers, virtual functions, late binding, pure virtual functions and abstract base class. Difference between function overloading, redefining, and overriding.

Templates: Generic Functions and Generic Classes, Overloading of template functions. Exception Handling catching class types, handling derived class exceptions, catching exceptions, restricting exception

#### **Text Book:**

1. Herbert Schildt, "The Complete Reference C++", Tata McGraw-Hill.

- 1. Deitel and Deitel, "C++ How to Program", Pearson Education.
- 2. Robert Lafore, "Object Oriented Programming in C++", Galgotia Publications.
- 3. Bjarne Strautrup, "The C++ Programming Language", Addition- Wesley Publication Co.
- 4. Stanley B. Lippman, Josee Lajoie, "C++ Primer", Pearson Education.
- 5. E. Balagurusamy, "Object Oriented Programming with C++", Tata McGraw-Hill.

MS-122 : Data and File Structures

Maximum Marks: 70 Minimum Pass Marks: 35%

#### Maximum Time: 3 Hrs. Lectures to be delivered: 45-55

## A) INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER SETTER

The question paper will consist of three Sections: A, B and C. Sections A and B will have four questions each from the respective section of the syllabus and will carry 10.5 marks for each question. Section C will consist of 7-15 short answer type questions covering the entire syllabus uniformly and will carry a total of 28 marks.

#### **B) INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE CANDIDATES**

- 1. Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all, selecting two questions each from Section A and Section B and compulsory question of Section C.
- 2. Use of non-programmable scientific calculator is allowed.

#### SECTION A

Data Structure: Introduction to data structure and algorithm, Algorithm analysis: Time space trade off algorithms and Big O notation Arrays: Introduction, one dimensional and multidimensional arrays, memory representation of arrays, operations on arrays, sparse arrays and sparse matrices and their implementation, Advantages and limitation of arrays.

Stacks: Introduction; Operation on stacks; Implementation of stacks Application of stacks: matching parenthesis, evaluation of arithmetic expressions, conversion from infix to postfix, recursion.

Queues: Introduction, operation on queues, circular queue, memory representation of queues, dequeues, priority queues, application of queues.

Linked List: Introduction; operation on linked list, circular linked list, doubly linked list, header linked list, implementation of linked list, application of linked lists.

Trees: Introduction; Binary Tree; Threaded Binary Trees; Binary Search Tree; Balanced Trees; B-Trees; Heap

#### **SECTION B**

Graphs: Introduction Graph: Graph terminology, Memory Representation of Graphs: adjacency matrix representation of graphs, adjacency list or linked representation of graphs, Operations performed on graphs, Application of graphs

Sorting: Selection Sort, Insertion Sort, Merge Sort, Bucket Sort, Radix Sort, Quick Sort and Heap Sort Hashing: Hashing techniques; Collision resolution; Deleting items from a hash table; Application of hashing

File Organization: Introduction, External Storage Device: Sequential Access Storage Device (SASD), Direct Access Storage Device (DASD) Sequential File Organization: processing sequential files, operations on sequential files, advantages and disadvantages of sequential file organization Direct File Organization: introduction, processing of direct files, advantages and disadvantages of direct organization Indexed Sequential Organization: introduction, processing of indexed sequential files, advantages and disadvantages of indexed sequential organization

## **Text Book:**

1. A. Tanenbaum, Y. Lanhgsam and A.J. Augenstein, "Data Structures Using C", PHI.

- 1. Loomis, Marry, "Data Management and File Structures", PHI
- 2. Seymour Lipschultz, "Theory and Practice of Data Structures", McGraw-Hill.
- 3. E. Horowitz and S. Sahni, "Data Structures with Pascal", Galgotia.
- 4. M. J. Folk, B. Zoellick, G Riccardi, "File Structures", Pearson Education.

MS-123 : Visual Basic

Maximum Marks: 70	Maximum Time: 3 Hrs.
Minimum Pass Marks: 35%	Lectures to be delivered: 45-55

#### A) INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER SETTER

The question paper will consist of three Sections: A, B and C. Sections A and B will have four questions each from the respective section of the syllabus and will carry 10.5 marks for each question. Section C will consist of 7-15 short answer type questions covering the entire syllabus uniformly and will carry a total of 28 marks.

#### **B) INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE CANDIDATES**

- 1. Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all, selecting two questions each from Section A and Section B and compulsory question of Section C.
- 2. Use of non-programmable scientific calculator is allowed.

#### **SECTION A**

Introduction to Visual Basic: Creating User Interfaces with Windows Common Controls, Creating Menus for Programs, Advance Design Features, Working with Collections, Creating Classes in a Program, Working with Active Data Objects.

Working with forms, drawing with VB, Multiple document interface, basic Active X controls, advanced active X controls.

Extending the Capabilities of Visual Basic: - Declaring and using External Functions, Creating ActiveX Control with Visual Basic

Communicating with Other Programs: Using ActiveX Server, Creating ActiveX Client Applications.

## **SECTION B**

Integrating Visual Basic with the Internet: - Writing Internet Application with Visual Basic, Web Browsing objects, using document object, Active Server Pages, using web browser controls, using history objects.

Creating Database Applications: - Accessing Data with Data Control Using visual data manager, validating data, selected data with SQL, advanced data bound controls, active data objects, ADO data objects.

#### **Text Book:**

1. Visual Basic 6: The Complete Reference, Noel Jerke, Osborne Publications.

- 1. Mastering Visual basic 6.0 by BPB Publications
- 2. Mastering Visual Basic 6.0 by Petroutsos.
- 3. Visual Basic 6 Complete by Sybex.
- 4. Mastering Database Programming with Visual Basic 6 by Petroutsos

Maximum Marks: 70 Minimum Pass Marks: 35%

Maximum Time: 3 Hrs. Lectures to be delivered: 45-55

## A) INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER SETTER

The question paper will consist of three Sections: A, B and C. Sections A and B will have four questions each from the respective section of the syllabus and will carry 10.5 marks for each question. Section C will consist of 7-15 short answer type questions covering the entire syllabus uniformly and will carry a total of 28 marks.

## **B) INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE CANDIDATES**

- 1. Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all, selecting two questions each from Section A and Section B and compulsory question of Section C.
- 2. Use of non-programmable scientific calculator is allowed.

## SECTION A

Introduction: Database Approach, Characteristics of a Database Approach, Database System Environment. Roles in Database Environment: Database Administrators, Database Designers, End Users, Application Developers. Database Management Systems: Definition, Characteristics, Advantages of Using DBMS Approach, Classification of DBMSs. Architecture: Data Models, Database Schema and Instance, Three Schema Architecture, Data Independence – Physical and Logical data Independence. Database Conceptual Modelling by E-R model: Concepts, Entities and Entity Sets, Attributes, Mapping Constraints, E-R Diagram, Weak Entity Sets, Strong Entity Sets.

Relational Data Model: Concepts and Terminology. Constraints: Integrity Constraints, Entity and Referential Integrity constraints, Keys: Super Keys, Candidate Keys, Primary Keys, Secondary Keys and Foreign Keys. Relational Algebra: Basic Operations, Additional Operations, Example Queries. Relational Calculus: Tuple and Domain Relational Calculus, Example Queries.

Database Design: Problems of Bad Database Design. Normalization: Functional Dependency, Full Functional Dependency, Partial Dependency, Transitive Dependency, Normal Forms– 1NF, 2NF, 3NF, BCNF, Multi-valued Dependency, Join Dependency and Higher Normal Forms- 4NF, 5NF.

#### **SECTION B**

Transaction Processing Systems: Batch, On-line, Real time, Transaction ACID Properties. Database Protection: Security Issues, Discretionary Access Control-Granting and Revoking Privileges. Database Concurrency: Problems of Concurrent Databases, Serializability and Recoverability, Concurrency Control Methods-Two Phase Locking, Time Stamping. Database Recovery: Recovery Concepts, Recovery Techniques-Deferred Update, Immediate Update, Shadow Paging. Overview of the following: Data Mining, Data Warehousing and OLAP, Mobile Databases, Multimedia Databases, Temporal Database, Spatial Database. Technical Introduction to Oracle: Structure of Oracle, Background Processes. Data Objects: Tables, Views, Synonyms, Indexes, Snapshots, Sequences, Creation and Manipulation of Data Objects. SQL Queries. Applying Integrity Constraints. Functions, Procedures and Packages. Using Cursors and Triggers.

**Text Book:** 

1. Elmasry Navathe, "Fundamentals of Database System", Pearson Education.

- 1. Oracle SQL Complete Reference", Tata McGraw-Hill.
- 2. T. Connolly, C Begg, "Database Systems", Pearson Education.
- 3. Jeffrey D. Ullman, "Principles of Database Systems", Galgotia Publications.
- 4. Henry F. Korth, A. Silberschhatz, "Database Concepts," Tata McGraw Hill.
- 5. C.J. Date, "An Introduction to Database Systems", Pearson Education.
- 6. Naveen Parkash, "Introduction to Database Management", Tata McGraw Hill.
- 7. Bobrowski, "Client Server Architecture and Introduction to Oracle 7".

MS-125 : Programming Lab-II

## Maximum Marks: 100\* Minimum Pass Marks: 35%

Max. Time: 3 Hrs. Practical sessions to be conducted: 60-70

This laboratory course will mainly comprise of exercise based on subject MS-121: Object Oriented Programming Using C++ and MS-122: Data & File Structures.

\*Maximum Marks for Continuous Assessment: 30 Maximum Marks for University Examination: 70 MS-126 Programming Lab-III

## Maximum Marks: 100\* Minimum Pass Marks: 35%

Max. Time: 3 Hrs. Practical sessions to be conducted: 60-70

This laboratory course will mainly comprise of exercise based on subjects MS-123: Visual Basic and MS-124: RDBMS & Oracle.

\*Maximum Marks for Continuous Assessment: 30 Maximum Marks for University Examination: 70